

Package ‘climaemet’

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Title Climate AEMET Tools

Version 1.0.0

Description Tools to download the climatic data of the Spanish Meteorological Agency (AEMET) directly from R using their API and create scientific graphs (climate charts, trend analysis of climate time series, temperature and precipitation anomalies maps, warming stripes graphics, climatograms, etc.).

License GPL-3

URL <https://ropenspain.github.io/climaemet/>,
<https://github.com/rOpenSpain/climaemet>

BugReports <https://github.com/rOpenSpain/climaemet/issues>

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aemet_api_key	<i>Install an AEMET API Key</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

Description

This function will store your AEMET API key on your local machine so it can be called securely without being stored in your code. After you have installed your key, it can be called any time by typing `Sys.getenv("AEMET_API_KEY")` and can be used in package functions by simply typing `AEMET_API_KEY`.

Alternatively, you can install the API Key manually:

- Run `Sys.setenv(AEMET_API_KEY = "Your_Key")`. You would need to run this command on each session (Similar to `install = FALSE`).
- Write this line on your `.Renv` file: `AEMET_API_KEY = "Your_Key"` (same behavior than `install = TRUE`). This would store your API key permanently.

Usage

```
aemet_api_key(apikey, overwrite = FALSE, install = FALSE)
```

Arguments

apikey	The API key provided to you from the AEMET formatted in quotes. A key can be acquired at https://opendata.aemet.es/centrodedescargas/inicio .
overwrite	If this is set to TRUE, it will overwrite an existing AEMET_API_KEY that you already have in local machine.
install	if TRUE, will install the key in your local machine for use in future sessions. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

None

Note

To locate your API Key on your local machine, run `rappdirs::user_cache_dir("climaemet", "R")`.

See Also

Other aemet_auth: [aemet_detect_api_key\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Don't run these examples!

if (FALSE) {
  aemet_api_key("111111abc", install = TRUE)

  # You can check it with:
  Sys.getenv("AEMET_API_KEY")
}

if (FALSE) {
  # If you need to overwrite an existing key:
  aemet_api_key("222222abc", overwrite = TRUE, install = TRUE)

  # You can check it with:
  Sys.getenv("AEMET_API_KEY")
}
```

aemet_daily_clim *Daily/annual climatology values*

Description

Get climatology values for a station or for all the available stations. Note that `aemet_daily_period()` and `aemet_daily_period_all()` are shortcuts of `aemet_daily_clim()`.

Usage

```
aemet_daily_clim(  
  station = "all",  
  start = Sys.Date() - 7,  
  end = Sys.Date(),  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  return_sf = FALSE  
)
```

```
aemet_daily_period(  
  station,  
  start = 2020,  
  end = 2020,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  return_sf = FALSE  
)
```

```
aemet_daily_period_all(  
  start = 2020,  
  end = 2020,  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  return_sf = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations()) or "all" for all the stations.
start, end	Character string with start and end date. See Details.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.

Details

start and end parameters should be:

- For `aemet_daily_clim()`: A Date object or a string with format: YYYY-MM-DD (2020-12-31).
- For `aemet_daily_period()` and `aemet_daily_period_all()`: A string representing the year(s) to be extracted: "2020", "2018".

Value

A tibble or a sf object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

See Also

[aemet_api_key\(\)](#)

Other `aemet_api_data`: [aemet_extremes_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_last_obs\(\)](#), [aemet_monthly](#), [aemet_normal](#), [aemet_stations\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is detected

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  obs <- aemet_daily_clim(c("9434", "3195"))
  glimpse(obs)
}
```

`aemet_detect_api_key` *Check if an AEMET API Key is present for the current session*

Description

The function would detect if an API Key is available on this session:

- If an API Key is already set as an environment variable it would be preserved
- If no environment variable has been set and you have stored permanently an API Key using `aemet_api_key()`, the latter would be loaded.

Usage

```
aemet_detect_api_key(...)
```

Arguments

... Ignored

Value

TRUE or FALSE

See Also

Other aemet_auth: [aemet_api_key\(\)](#)

Examples

```
aemet_detect_api_key()
```

aemet_extremes_clim *Extreme values for a station*

Description

Get recorded extreme values for a station.

Usage

```
aemet_extremes_clim(
  station = NULL,
  parameter = "T",
  verbose = FALSE,
  return_sf = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations())
parameter	Character string as temperature ("T"), precipitation ("P") or wind ("V") parameter.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.

Value

A tibble or a sf object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

See Also

[aemet_api_key\(\)](#)

Other aemet_api_data: [aemet_daily_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_last_obs\(\)](#), [aemet_monthly](#), [aemet_normal](#), [aemet_stations\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  obs <- aemet_extremes_clim(c("9434", "3195"))
  glimpse(obs)
}
```

aemet_last_obs	<i>Last observation values for a station</i>
----------------	--

Description

Get last observation values for a station.

Usage

```
aemet_last_obs(station = "all", verbose = FALSE, return_sf = FALSE)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations()) or "all" for all the stations.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.

Value

A tibble or a sf object.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

See Also

Other aemet_api_data: [aemet_daily_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_extremes_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_monthly](#), [aemet_normal](#), [aemet_stations\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  obs <- aemet_last_obs(c("9434", "3195"))
  glimpse(obs)
}
```

aemet_monthly	<i>Monthly/annual climatology</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Get monthly/annual climatology values for a station or all the stations. [aemet_monthly_period\(\)](#) and [aemet_monthly_period_all\(\)](#) allows requests that span several years.

Usage

```
aemet_monthly_clim(
  station = NULL,
  year = 2020,
  verbose = FALSE,
  return_sf = FALSE
)
```

```
aemet_monthly_period(
  station = NULL,
  start = 2018,
  end = 2020,
  verbose = FALSE,
  return_sf = FALSE
)
```

```
aemet_monthly_period_all(
  start = 2019,
  end = 2020,
  verbose = FALSE,
  return_sf = FALSE
)
```


Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations())
year	Numeric value as date (format: YYYY).
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.
start	Numeric value as start year (format: YYYY).
end	Numeric value as end year (format: YYYY).

Value

A tibble or a sf object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

See Also

Other aemet_api_data: [aemet_daily_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_extremes_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_last_obs\(\)](#), [aemet_normal](#), [aemet_stations\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  obs <- aemet_monthly_clim(station = c("9434", "3195"), year = 2000)
  glimpse(obs)
}
```

aemet_normal

Normal climatology values

Description

Get normal climatology values for a station (or all the stations with [aemet_normal_clim_all\(\)](#)). Standard climatology from 1981 to 2010.

Usage

```
aemet_normal_clim(station = NULL, verbose = FALSE, return_sf = FALSE)
```

```
aemet_normal_clim_all(verbose = FALSE, return_sf = FALSE)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations()) or "all" for all the stations.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.

Value

A tibble or a sf object.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

Note

Code modified from project <https://github.com/SevillaR/aemet>

See Also

Other aemet_api_data: [aemet_daily_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_extremes_clim\(\)](#), [aemet_last_obs\(\)](#), [aemet_monthly](#), [aemet_stations\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  obs <- aemet_normal_clim(c("9434", "3195"))
  glimpse(obs)
}
```

aemet_stations

AEMET stations

Description

Get AEMET stations.

Usage

```
aemet_stations(verbose = FALSE, return_sf = FALSE)
```

Arguments

verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
return_sf	Logical TRUE or FALSE. Should the function return an sf spatial object? If FALSE (the default value) it returns a tibble. Note that you need to have the sf package installed.

Value

A tibble or a sf object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

Note

Code modified from project <https://github.com/SevillaR/aemet>

See Also

Other `aemet_api_data`: `aemet_daily_clim()`, `aemet_extremes_clim()`, `aemet_last_obs()`, `aemet_monthly`, `aemet_normal`

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  library(tibble)
  stations <- aemet_stations()
  stations
}
```

climaemet_9434_climatogram

Climatogram data for Zaragoza Airport ("9434") period 1981-2010

Description

Normal data for Zaragoza Airport (1981-2010). This is an example dataset used to plot climatograms.

Format

A data.frame with columns 1 to 12 (months) and rows:

- **p_mes_md**: Precipitation (mm).
- **tm_max_md**: Maximum temperature (Celsius).
- **tm_min_md**: Minimum temperature (Celsius).
- **ta_min_md**: Absolute monthly minimum temperature (Celsius).

Source

AEMET.

See Also

[ggclimat_walter_lieth\(\)](#), [climatogram_period\(\)](#), [climatogram_normal\(\)](#)

Other dataset: [climaemet_9434_temp](#), [climaemet_9434_wind](#)

Examples

```
data(climaemet_9434_climatogram)
```

climaemet_9434_temp	<i>Average annual temperatures for Zaragoza Airport ("9434") period 1950-2020</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Yearly observations of average temperature for Zaragoza Airport (1950-2020). This is an example dataset.

Format

A tibble with columns:

- **year**: Year of reference.
- **indicativo**: Identifier of the station.
- **temp**: Avg temperature (Celsius).

Source

AEMET.

See Also

Other dataset: [climaemet_9434_climatogram](#), [climaemet_9434_wind](#)

Examples

```
data(climaemet_9434_temp)
```

climaemet_9434_wind *Wind conditions for Zaragoza Airport ("9434") period 2000-2020*

Description

Daily observations of wind speed and directions for Zaragoza Airport (2000-2020). This is an example dataset.

Format

A tibble with columns:

- **fecha**: Date of observation.
- **dir**: Wind directions (0-360).
- **velmedia**: Avg wind speed (km/h).

Source

AEMET.

See Also

Other dataset: [climaemet_9434_climatogram](#), [climaemet_9434_temp](#)

Examples

```
data(climaemet_9434_wind)
```

climaemet_news *climaemet_news*

Description

Show the NEWS file of the **climaemet** package.

Usage

```
climaemet_news()
```

Details

(See description)

Value

Open NEWS from climaemet.

See Also

Other helpers: [dms2decdegrees\(\)](#), [first_day_of_year\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
climaemet_news()

## End(Not run)
```

```
climatestripes_station
```

Station climate stripes graph

Description

Plot climate stripes graph for a station

Usage

```
climatestripes_station(
  station,
  start = 1950,
  end = 2020,
  with_labels = "yes",
  verbose = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations())
start	Numeric value as start year (format: YYYY).
end	Numeric value as end year (format: YYYY).
with_labels	Character string as yes/no. Indicates whether to use labels for the graph or not.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
...	Arguments passed on to ggstripes
n_temp	Numeric value as the number of colors of the palette. (default 11).
col_pal	Character string indicating the name of the hcl.pals() color palette to be used for plotting.

Value

A ggplot2 object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

See Also

`ggstripes()`

Other `aemet` plots: `climatogram_normal()`, `climatogram_period()`, `ggclimat_walter_lieth()`, `ggstripes()`, `ggwindrose()`, `windrose_days()`, `windrose_period()`

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  climatestripes_station(
    "9434",
    start = 2010,
    end = 2020,
    with_labels = "yes",
    col_pal = "Inferno"
  )
}
```

`climatogram_normal` *Walter & Lieth climatic diagram from normal climatology values*

Description

Plot of a Walter & Lieth climatic diagram from normal climatology data for a station. This climatogram are great for showing a summary of climate conditions for a place over a time period (1981-2010).

Usage

```
climatogram_normal(
  station,
  labels = "en",
  verbose = FALSE,
  ggplot2 = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations())
labels	Character string as month labels for the X axis: "en" (english), "es" (spanish), "fr" (french), etc.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
ggplot2	TRUE/FALSE. On TRUE the function uses ggclimat_walter_lieth() , if FALSE uses climatol::diagwl() .
...	Further arguments to climatol::diagwl() or ggclimat_walter_lieth() , depending on the value of ggplot2

Value

A plot.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

Note

The code is based on code from the CRAN package "climatol" by Jose A. Guijarro jguijarrop@aemet.es.

References

Walter, H. & Lieth, H (1960): Klimadiagramm Weltatlas. G. Fischer, Jena.

See Also

Other aemet_plots: [climatestripes_station\(\)](#), [climatogram_period\(\)](#), [ggclimat_walter_lieth\(\)](#), [ggstripes\(\)](#), [ggwindrose\(\)](#), [windrose_days\(\)](#), [windrose_period\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  climatogram_normal("9434")
}
```

climatogram_period	<i>Walter & Lieth climatic diagram for a time period</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Plot of a Walter & Lieth climatic diagram from monthly climatology data for a station. This climatogram are great for showing a summary of climate conditions for a place over a specific time period.

Usage

```
climatogram_period(  
  station = NULL,  
  start = 1990,  
  end = 2020,  
  labels = "en",  
  verbose = FALSE,  
  ggplot2 = TRUE,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations())
start	Numeric value as start year (format: YYYY).
end	Numeric value as end year (format: YYYY).
labels	Character string as month labels for the X axis: "en" (english), "es" (spanish), "fr" (french), etc.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.
ggplot2	TRUE/FALSE. On TRUE the function uses ggclimat_walter_lieth() , if FALSE uses climatol::diagwl() .
...	Further arguments to climatol::diagwl() or ggclimat_walter_lieth() , depending on the value of ggplot2

Value

A plot.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

Note

The code is based on code from the CRAN package "climatol" by Jose A. Guijarro jguijarrop@aemet.es.

References

Walter, H. & Lieth, H (1960): Klimadiagramm Weltatlas. G. Fischer, Jena.

See Also

Other aemet_plots: [climatestripes_station\(\)](#), [climatogram_normal\(\)](#), [ggclimat_walter_lieth\(\)](#), [ggstripes\(\)](#), [ggwindrose\(\)](#), [windrose_days\(\)](#), [windrose_period\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  climatogram_period("9434", start = 2015, end = 2020, labels = "en")
}
```

dms2decdegrees	<i>Converts dms to decimal degrees</i>
----------------	--

Description

Converts degrees, minutes and seconds to decimal degrees.

Usage

```
dms2decdegrees(input = NULL)
```

Arguments

input Character string as DMS coordinates.

Value

A numeric value.

Note

Code modified from project <https://github.com/SevillaR/aemet>

See Also

Other helpers: [climaemet_news\(\)](#), [first_day_of_year\(\)](#)

Examples

```
dms2decdegrees("055245W")
```

first_day_of_year	<i>First and last day of year</i>
-------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Get first and last day of year.

Usage

```
first_day_of_year(year = NULL)
```

```
last_day_of_year(year = NULL)
```

Arguments

year Numeric value as year (format: YYYY).

Value

Character string as date (format: YYYY-MM-DD).

See Also

Other helpers: [climaemet_news\(\)](#), [dms2decdegrees\(\)](#)

Examples

```
first_day_of_year(2000)
last_day_of_year(2020)
```

get_data_aemet	<i>Client tool for AEMET API</i>
----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Client tool to get data and metadata from AEMET and convert json to tibble.

Usage

```
get_data_aemet(apidest, verbose = FALSE)
```

```
get_metadata_aemet(apidest, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

apistest	Character string as destination URL. See https://opendata.aemet.es/dist/index.html .
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.

Value

A tibble or an empty tibble if no valid results from the API.

Source

<https://opendata.aemet.es/dist/index.html>

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is detected

url <- "/api/valores/climatologicos/inventarioestaciones/todasestaciones"

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  get_data_aemet(url)
}

# Metadata
if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  get_metadata_aemet(url)
}
```

ggclimat_walter_lieth *Walter and Lieth climatic diagram on ggplot2*

Description

Plot of a Walter and Lieth climatic diagram of a station. This function is an updated version of `climatol::diagwl()`, by Jose A. Guijarro.

Usage

```
ggclimat_walter_lieth(
  dat,
  est = "",
  alt = NA,
  per = NA,
  mlab = "es",
  pcol = "#002F70",
  tcol = "#ff0000",
  pfc col = "#9BAEE2",
```

```

    sfcol = "#3C6FC4",
    shem = FALSE,
    p3line = FALSE,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

<code>dat</code>	Monthly climatic data for which the diagram will be plotted.
<code>est</code>	Name of the climatological station
<code>alt</code>	Altitude of the climatological station
<code>per</code>	Period on which the averages have been computed
<code>m1ab</code>	Month labels for the X axis. Use 2-digit language code ("en", "es", etc.). See readr::locale() for info.
<code>pcol</code>	Color pen for precipitation.
<code>tcol</code>	Color pen for temperature.
<code>pfcol</code>	Fill color for probable frosts.
<code>sfcol</code>	Fill color for sure frosts.
<code>shem</code>	Set to TRUE for southern hemisphere stations.
<code>p3line</code>	Set to TRUE to draw a supplementary precipitation line referenced to three times the temperature (as suggested by Bogdan Rosca).
<code>...</code>	Other graphic parameters

Details

See Details on [climatol::diagwl\(\)](#).

Climatic data must be passed as a 4x12 matrix of monthly (January to December) data, in the following order:

- Row 1: Mean precipitation.
- Row 2: Mean maximum daily temperature.
- Row 3: Mean minimum daily temperature.
- Row 4: Absolute monthly minimum temperature.

See [climaemet_9434_climatogram](#) for a sample dataset.

Value

A `ggplot2` object. See `help("ggplot2")`.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

References

Walter, H., and Lieth, H. 1960. *Klimadiagramm-Weltatlas*. G. Fischer.

See Also

`climatol::diagwl()`, `readr::locale()`

Other aemet_plots: `climatestripes_station()`, `climatogram_normal()`, `climatogram_period()`, `ggstripes()`, `ggwindrose()`, `windrose_days()`, `windrose_period()`

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)

wl <- ggclimat_walter_lieth(
  climaemet::climaemet_9434_climatogram,
  alt = "249",
  per = "1981-2010",
  est = "Zaragoza Airport"
)

wl

# As it is a ggplot object we can modify it

wl + theme(
  plot.background = element_rect(fill = "grey80"),
  panel.background = element_rect(fill = "grey70"),
  axis.text.y.left = element_text(
    colour = "black",
    face = "italic"
  ),
  axis.text.y.right = element_text(
    colour = "black",
    face = "bold"
  )
)
```

Description

Plot different "climate stripes" or "warming stripes" using **ggplot2**. This graphics are visual representations of the change in temperature as measured in each location over the past 70-100+ years. Each stripe represents the temperature in that station averaged over a year.

Usage

```
ggstripes(  
  data,  
  plot_type = "stripes",  
  plot_title = "",  
  n_temp = 11,  
  col_pal = "RdBu",  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	a data.frame with <code>date(year)</code> and <code>temperature(temp)</code> variables.
<code>plot_type</code>	plot type (with labels, background, stripes with line trend and animation). Accepted values are "background", "stripes", "trend" or "animation".
<code>plot_title</code>	character string to be used for the graph title.
<code>n_temp</code>	Numeric value as the number of colors of the palette. (default 11).
<code>col_pal</code>	Character string indicating the name of the <code>hcl.pals()</code> color palette to be used for plotting.
<code>...</code>	further arguments passed to <code>ggplot2::theme()</code> .

Value

A ggplot2 object.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

Note

"Warming stripes" charts are a conceptual idea of Professor Ed Hawkins (University of Reading) and are specifically designed to be as simple as possible and alert about risks of climate change. For more details see [ShowYourStripes](#).

See Also

`climatestripes_station()`, `ggplot2::theme()` for more possible arguments to pass to `ggstripes`.
Other `aemet_plots`: `climatestripes_station()`, `climatogram_normal()`, `climatogram_period()`, `ggclimat_walter_lieth()`, `ggwindrose()`, `windrose_days()`, `windrose_period()`

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)  
  
data <- climaemet::climaemet_9434_temp
```

```
ggstripes(data, plot_title = "Zaragoza Airport") +
  labs(subtitle = "(1950-2020)")

ggstripes(data, plot_title = "Zaragoza Airport", plot_type = "trend") +
  labs(subtitle = "(1950-2020)")
```

ggwindrose

Windrose (speed/direction) diagram

Description

Plot a windrose showing the wind speed and direction using **ggplot2**.

Usage

```
ggwindrose(
  speed,
  direction,
  n_directions = 8,
  n_speeds = 5,
  speed_cuts = NA,
  col_pal = "GnBu",
  legend_title = "Wind speed (m/s)",
  calm_wind = 0,
  n_col = 1,
  facet = NULL,
  plot_title = "",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

speed	Numeric vector of wind speeds.
direction	Numeric vector of wind directions.
n_directions	Numeric value as the number of direction bins to plot (petals on the rose). The number of directions defaults to 8.
n_speeds	Numeric value as the number of equally spaced wind speed bins to plot. This is used if speed_cuts is NA (default 5).
speed_cuts	Numeric vector containing the cut points for the wind speed intervals, or NA (default).
col_pal	Character string indicating the name of the <code>hcl.pals()</code> color palette to be used for plotting.
legend_title	Character string to be used for the legend title.
calm_wind	Numeric value as the upper limit for wind speed that is considered calm (default 0).

n_col	The number of columns of plots (default 1).
facet	Character or factor vector of the facets used to plot the various windroses.
plot_title	Character string to be used for the plot title.
...	further arguments (ignored).

Value

A ggplot object.

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

See Also

`ggplot2::theme()` for more possible arguments to pass to `ggwindrose`.

Other `aemet_plots`: `climatestripes_station()`, `climatogram_normal()`, `climatogram_period()`, `ggclimat_walter_lieth()`, `ggstripes()`, `windrose_days()`, `windrose_period()`

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)

speed <- climaemet::climaemet_9434_wind$velmedia
direction <- climaemet::climaemet_9434_wind$dir

rose <- ggwindrose(
  speed = speed,
  direction = direction,
  speed_cuts = seq(0, 16, 4),
  legend_title = "Wind speed (m/s)",
  calm_wind = 0,
  n_col = 1,
  plot_title = "Zaragoza Airport"
)
rose + labs(
  subtitle = "2000-2020",
  caption = "Source: AEMET"
)
```

windrose_days

Windrose (speed/direction) diagram of a station over a days period

Description

Plot a windrose showing the wind speed and direction for a station over a days period.

Usage

```

windrose_days(
  station,
  start = "2000-12-01",
  end = "2000-12-31",
  n_directions = 8,
  n_speeds = 5,
  speed_cuts = NA,
  col_pal = "GnBu",
  calm_wind = 0,
  legend_title = "Wind Speed (m/s)",
  verbose = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations()) or "all" for all the stations.
start	Character string as start date (format: YYYY-MM-DD).
end	Character string as end date (format: YYYY-MM-DD).
n_directions	Numeric value as the number of direction bins to plot (petals on the rose). The number of directions defaults to 8.
n_speeds	Numeric value as the number of equally spaced wind speed bins to plot. This is used if speed_cuts is NA (default 5).
speed_cuts	Numeric vector containing the cut points for the wind speed intervals, or NA (default).
col_pal	Character string indicating the name of the hcl.pals() color palette to be used for plotting.
calm_wind	Numeric value as the upper limit for wind speed that is considered calm (default 0).
legend_title	Character string to be used for the legend title.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.

Value

A ggplot2 object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using [aemet_api_key\(\)](#).

See Also

[aemet_daily_clim\(\)](#)

Other aemet_plots: [climatestripes_station\(\)](#), [climatogram_normal\(\)](#), [climatogram_period\(\)](#), [ggclimat_walter_lieth\(\)](#), [ggstripes\(\)](#), [ggwindrose\(\)](#), [windrose_period\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  windrose_days("9434",
    start = "2000-12-01",
    end = "2000-12-31",
    speed_cuts = 4
  )
}
```

windrose_period	<i>Windrose (speed/direction) diagram of a station over a time period</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Plot a windrose showing the wind speed and direction for a station over a time period.

Usage

```
windrose_period(
  station,
  start = 2000,
  end = 2010,
  n_directions = 8,
  n_speeds = 5,
  speed_cuts = NA,
  col_pal = "GnBu",
  calm_wind = 0,
  legend_title = "Wind Speed (m/s)",
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

station	Character string with station identifier code(s) (see aemet_stations()) or "all" for all the stations.
start	Numeric value as start year (format: YYYY).
end	Numeric value as end year (format: YYYY).
n_directions	Numeric value as the number of direction bins to plot (petals on the rose). The number of directions defaults to 8.
n_speeds	Numeric value as the number of equally spaced wind speed bins to plot. This is used if speed_cuts is NA (default 5).
speed_cuts	Numeric vector containing the cut points for the wind speed intervals, or NA (default).

col_pal	Character string indicating the name of the <code>hcl.pals()</code> color palette to be used for plotting.
calm_wind	Numeric value as the upper limit for wind speed that is considered calm (default 0).
legend_title	Character string to be used for the legend title.
verbose	Logical TRUE/FALSE. Provides information about the flow of information between the client and server.

Value

A `ggplot2` object

API Key

You need to set your API Key globally using `aemet_api_key()`.

See Also

[aemet_daily_period\(\)](#)

Other `aemet` plots: [climatestripes_station\(\)](#), [climatogram_normal\(\)](#), [climatogram_period\(\)](#), [ggclimat_walter_lieth\(\)](#), [ggstripes\(\)](#), [ggwindrose\(\)](#), [windrose_days\(\)](#)

Examples

```
# Run this example only if AEMET_API_KEY is set

if (aemet_detect_api_key()) {
  windrose_period("9434",
    start = 2000, end = 2010,
    speed_cuts = 4
  )
}
```

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