

Package ‘lstar’

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Title Uniform Data Model and 'Zarr' Interchange for Single-Cell Omics

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Description A lightweight interchange layer for single-cell and spatial omics data, built on the L-star model of labelled axes and typed fields over them, serialized to the 'Zarr' format. Provides bidirectional converters (``profiles``) for 'Seurat', 'SingleCellExperiment', 'Conos', and 'pagoda2' objects, including collections of heterogeneous samples, via a shared C++ core ('libstar') so the same store is readable from R, 'Python', and C++.

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Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://github.com/kharchenkolab/lstar>

BugReports <https://github.com/kharchenkolab/lstar/issues>

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Imports Matrix, methods, stats, utils

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.lstar_drop_cache	<i>Build a Seurat object from an L^* dataset.</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Measures over (cells, genes) become assay layers (transposed to Seurat's genes x cells orientation); embeddings become DimReducs; arity-1 cell fields become meta.data.

Usage

```
.lstar_drop_cache(ds)
```

Arguments

ds an lstar_dataset

Value

a Seurat object.

See Also[read_seurat\(\)](#)

collection_from	<i>Assemble a collection of heterogeneous samples from per-sample objects.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

A *collection* keeps each sample's own data — per-sample `cells.<s>/genes.<s>` axes and `<field>.<s>` fields, over gene sets that may overlap, differ, or be entirely **disjoint** across samples — alongside a samples axis and a *union* cells axis carrying the joint analysis (a shared embedding, clusters, a graph). This is lstar's "a collection is not one aligned tensor" model, built from any list of separately-processed samples rather than hand-assembled.

Usage

```
collection_from(
  samples,
  joint = NULL,
  sample_field = "sample",
  prefix_cells = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>samples</code>	a named list of per-sample <code>lstar_datasets</code> (or <code>Seurat / SingleCellExperiment</code> objects, read via the profiles). Each must have <code>cells</code> and <code>genes</code> axes.
<code>joint</code>	optional named list of fields over the union cells (the integration outputs): a matrix becomes a joint embedding; a factor/character vector a clustering (inducing a factor axis); a (cells x cells) sparse matrix a graph relation.
<code>sample_field</code>	name of the design label recording each union cell's sample (default "sample").
<code>prefix_cells</code>	prefix each cell label with its sample name so union labels are unique (default TRUE).

Value

an `lstar_dataset` of kind "collection".

See Also[write_conos\(\)](#), [read_seurat\(\)](#)

Examples

```
mk <- function(s, nc, genes) {
  ds <- list(kind = "sample", axes = list(), fields = list())
  ds$axes$cells <- list(labels = paste0("c", seq_len(nc)),
    origin = "observed", role = "observation")
  ds$axes$genes <- list(labels = genes, origin = "observed", role = "feature")
  m <- as(Matrix::Matrix(matrix(rpois(nc * length(genes), 2), nc), sparse = TRUE), "CsparseMatrix")
  ds$fields$counts <- list(role = "measure", span = c("cells", "genes"), state = "raw", values = m)
  class(ds) <- "lstar_dataset"; ds
}
col <- collection_from(list(A = mk("A", 5, paste0("g", 1:8)),
  B = mk("B", 7, paste0("g", 3:12)))) # divergent gene sets
col$kind
```

col_sum_by_group	<i>Per-(group, gene) sufficient stats over a CSC measure (the shared lib-star kernel).</i>
------------------	--

Description

For a `cells × genes` sparse matrix and a per-cell group assignment, returns each group's sum, sum-of-squares, and number of expressing cells per gene, computed over $\log_{1p}(m)$ (or raw). This is the reduction cluster stats and marker tables are built from; the same C++ core backs the WASM and Python bindings.

Usage

```
col_sum_by_group(m, code, ngroups, lognorm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>m</code>	a <code>cells × genes</code> sparse matrix (coerced to CSC).
<code>code</code>	length-nrow(<code>m</code>) integer group assignment in $[0, \text{ngroups})$ (0-based).
<code>ngroups</code>	number of groups.
<code>lognorm</code>	compute over $\log_{1p}(m)$ (default TRUE).

Value

a list with `sum`, `sumsq`, `n_expr`, each a flat row-major (`group`, `gene`) numeric vector of length `ngroups × ncol(m)`.

extend_for_viewer	<i>Extend an L^* dataset with the viewer@0.1 navigator fields (native R).</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Precomputes, via the shared libstar kernels: per-grouping cluster sufficient stats (stats_<g>_{sum, sumsq, nexpr}, group-major), 1-vs-rest marker tables (markers_<g>_{lfc, padj}, gene-major), a whole-dataset od_score (pagoda2 lowess + F-test), a cell-major counts_cellmajor physically reordered cluster-contiguous, and its counts_cellmajor_order permutation. Stamps the viewer@0.1 profile. The store this writes is interchangeable with a Python/JS-prepped one.

Usage

```
extend_for_viewer(
  ds,
  grouping = NULL,
  also = character(0),
  counts = NULL,
  basis = NULL,
  order = "hybrid",
  markers = TRUE,
  primary = NULL,
  compress = TRUE,
  compress_primary = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

ds	an lstar_dataset (a raw-counts measure + at least one categorical cell label).
grouping	primary grouping label (default: auto-detect; clustering/cell-type names preferred).
also	additional grouping labels to also summarize (e.g. "cell_type").
counts	force the count measure to build from (log1p unless it is already log-normalized). NULL (default) lets basis choose.
basis	how to choose the measure by state (NULL == "auto"): "auto" prefers a raw measure (log1p-transformed) and, when none is present, falls back to a log-normalized one (used as-is; stats are var-of-lognorm, so HVG/markers are approximate – a warning is emitted). "raw"/ "lognorm" force that state. A scaled/z-scored measure is never used.
order	"hybrid" (default) physically reorders counts_cellmajor (cluster-contiguous, then a Hilbert curve over the embedding) and adds counts_cellmajor_order; "none" keeps rows in cell order and omits the permutation.
markers	if TRUE (default), also compute the 1-vs-rest markers_<g>_{lfc, padj} tables.

- primary the grouping the *viewer opens on*. Hoisted to the front of the prepared groupings, so it keys the counts_cellmajor locality reorder AND is summarized first – the eager-prepare a fast launch waits on. Unlike ordering the groupings by hand, primary composes with auto-detect: primary="cell_type" with grouping=NULL preps *every* detected grouping but keys the reorder on cell_type (the auto-detect policy prefers clusterings, but the viewer may open on a cell-type annotation). NULL = current behavior.
- compress if TRUE (default), tag each field with the viewer compression layout so `lstar_write()` emits a compressed store: counts_cellmajor zstd chunked + sharded, other navigators zstd single-chunk, gene-major counts raw (see compress_primary). FALSE writes uncompressed.
- compress_primary if TRUE, also compress the gene-major counts basis (zstd, chunked): a smaller store at the cost of a decode on gene-coloring. Default FALSE keeps it raw for exact-byte reads.

Value

ds with the navigator fields added and viewer@0.1 in ds\$profiles.

See Also

`viewer_extend()`, `lstar_write_viewer()`

field_value	<i>Accessor: a field’s value by name.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Accessor: a field’s value by name.

Usage

`field_value(ds, name)`

Arguments

- ds an `lstar_dataset`
- name field name

Value

the field’s values (a vector, matrix, or sparse `Matrix`), or NULL if absent.

lstar_markers	<i>Tidy marker table for a factor's DE bundle.</i>
---------------	--

Description

Gathers the `de.<factor>.<stat>` fields (score/lfc/pval/padj over the factor x genes axes) into a long-form data frame: one row per (group, gene) with whichever statistics are present.

Usage

```
lstar_markers(ds, factor, top = NULL, sort_by = "score", descending = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>ds</code>	an <code>lstar_dataset</code> (e.g. from <code>lstar_read()</code>).
<code>factor</code>	the factor-axis name the DE was computed over (e.g. "leiden").
<code>top</code>	optional: keep only the top-N genes per group (by <code>sort_by</code>).
<code>sort_by</code>	statistic to rank within a group (default "score").
<code>descending</code>	sort descending (default TRUE).

Value

a data frame with columns `group`, `gene`, and the available statistics.

lstar_read	<i>Read an L* Zarr store into an R dataset.</i>
------------	---

Description

Read an L* Zarr store into an R dataset.

Usage

```
lstar_read(path)
```

Arguments

<code>path</code>	path to a <code>*.lstar.zarr</code> store (a directory, or a single-file <code>*.lstar.zarr.zip</code>)
-------------------	--

Value

an `lstar_dataset`: a list with axes and fields, each field's values assembled as a base vector, matrix, or `Matrix` sparse matrix.

Examples

```
p <- tempfile(fileext = ".lstar.zarr")
ds <- list(kind = "sample", axes = list(), fields = list())
ds$axes$cells <- list(labels = paste0("c", 1:3), origin = "observed", role = "observation")
ds$fields$depth <- list(role = "measure", span = "cells", values = c(1, 2, 3))
class(ds) <- "lstar_dataset"
lstar_write(ds, p)
ds2 <- lstar_read(p)
field_value(ds2, "depth")
```

lstar_read_block	<i>Read a contiguous gene (column) range of a CSC measure from an L* store, bounded-memory.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Reads genes `[g_lo, g_hi)` (0-based, half-open) of a CSC measure as a `dgCMatrix` (cells x genes), decoding only the store chunks that overlap the range. The general block-read primitive a consumer drives to build out-of-core reductions over an L* store without implementing them in lstar.

Usage

```
lstar_read_block(path, field, g_lo, g_hi, cell_names = NULL, gene_names = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	path to a *.lstar.zarr store.
field	name of a (cells, genes) CSC measure field in the store.
g_lo, g_hi	0-based, half-open gene (column) range <code>[g_lo, g_hi)</code> to read.
cell_names, gene_names	optional dimnames for the returned matrix (default NULL).

Value

a `dgCMatrix` (cells x genes) holding the requested gene columns.

lstar_read_genes	<i>Read an arbitrary set of gene columns of a CSC measure, returning cells x genes.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Gathers the requested gene columns from a chunked CSC store, decoding each touched chunk **at most once** (an ascending sweep over sorted-unique columns), then restores the caller's order. Efficient for scattered subsets (e.g. overdispersed genes for PCA) – unlike a per-column read it does not re-decode a chunk once per gene it contains.

Usage

```
lstar_read_genes(path, field, genes, all_genes, cell_names = NULL)
```

Arguments

path	path to a *.lstar.zarr store.
field	name of a (cells, genes) CSC measure field in the store.
genes	the gene columns to gather, as names (matched against all_genes) or 1-based indices.
all_genes	the field's full gene-label vector, used to resolve genes to column positions.
cell_names	optional row names (cells) for the returned matrix (default NULL).

Value

a dgCMatix (cells x length(genes)) in the caller's requested gene order.

lstar_stream_col_sum_by_group	<i>Per-(group, gene) sums of a CSC measure in a store, streamed and bounded-memory.</i>
-------------------------------	---

Description

Streaming, fused pseudobulk: per cell-group sums of each gene, computed in one threaded pass over a chunked CSC store, with the same optional depth-normalized log1p view as [stream_col_stats\(\)](#) (the counterpart of pagoda2's colSumByFacView). group is a per-cell integer bucket in [0, ngroups) in store row order (out-of-range cells are skipped; pass NA cells as 0 for an explicit <NA> row).

Usage

```
lstar_stream_col_sum_by_group(
  path,
  field,
  group,
  ngroups,
  lognorm = FALSE,
  depth = NULL,
  depthScale = 1,
  block = 4096L,
  n_threads = 1L
)
```

Arguments

path	path to a *.lstar.zarr store.
field	name of a (cells, genes) CSC measure field in the store.
group	integer per-cell group bucket in $[0, \text{ngroups})$, in store row order.
ngroups	number of groups (the result has one row per group).
lognorm	compute over the $\log_{1p}$ view of the measure (default FALSE).
depth	optional per-cell depth vector (length = n cells, store row order) for the normalized view.
depthScale	depth scaling factor used with depth (default 1).
block	streaming block size in cells per pass (default 4096).
n_threads	threads per block reduction: 1 = serial (default), N = N threads, 0 = all cores.

Value

a $\text{ngroups} \times \text{ngenes}$ numeric matrix (row g = the per-gene sums for group g).

lstar_write	<i>Write an R dataset to an L* Zarr store.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Write an R dataset to an L* Zarr store.

Usage

```
lstar_write(
  ds,
  path,
  chunk_elems = NULL,
  compression = c("none", "gzip", "zlib"),
```

```

    level = 5L,
    format = c("v3", "v2"),
    shard_elems = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

<code>ds</code>	an <code>lstar_dataset</code> (as returned by <code>lstar_read()</code> or a profile reader)
<code>path</code>	output store path: a <code>*.lstar.zarr</code> directory, or a <code>*.lstar.zarr.zip</code> to write ONE file (every entry STORED so its chunks stay byte-range-readable — see <code>docs/format.md</code>)
<code>chunk_elems</code>	if non-NULL, chunk each array along its first axis so each chunk holds about this many elements (e.g. <code>1e6</code>). This is what lets a reader stream/block-read only the touched chunks (e.g. <code>lstar_read_block()</code> , <code>stream_col_stats()</code>); the default (NULL) writes each array as a single chunk – the portable, byte-identical-to-before default.
<code>compression</code>	chunk codec: "none" (default), "gzip", or "zlib" (numcodecs-compatible; readable by the C++ core and zarr-python).
<code>level</code>	compression level 1-9 (default 5), used when compression is "gzip"/"zlib".
<code>format</code>	on-disk Zarr format: "v3" (default; writes <code>zarr.json</code> + inline-consolidated metadata) or "v2" (legacy <code>.zarray/.zgroup/.zattrs</code> + a consolidated <code>.zmetadata</code>). Both are read by the C++/Python/JS cores.
<code>shard_elems</code>	(Zarr v3 only) pack ~this many elements' worth of inner chunks into each shard OBJECT – a hosting optimization (many small chunks collapse into fewer files, each still byte-range-readable via the shard index). Requires <code>format = "v3"</code> and <code>chunk_elems</code> . NULL (default) writes unsharded.

Value

the output path, invisibly.

See Also

[lstar_read\(\)](#), [lstar_read_block\(\)](#)

<code>lstar_write_viewer</code>	<i>Write an R dataset to an L* store, optionally extending it for the viewer first.</i>
---------------------------------	---

Description

Convenience wrapper: when `viewer = TRUE` (default) runs `extend_for_viewer()` before writing.

Usage

```
lstar_write_viewer(ds, path, viewer = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

ds an `lstar_dataset`.
 path output store path (a `*.lstar.zarr` directory).
 viewer if TRUE (default), extend via `extend_for_viewer()` before writing.
 ... further arguments forwarded to `lstar_write()` (e.g. `chunk_elems`, `compression`).

Value

the output path, invisibly.

See Also

`extend_for_viewer()`, `lstar_write()`

`print.lstar_dataset` *Print an L* dataset*

Description

Print an L* dataset

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lstar_dataset'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x an `lstar_dataset`
 ... ignored, for S3 compatibility

Value

x, invisibly (called for the side effect of printing a summary of axes and fields).

read_conos

Reconstruct a Conos object from an L collection***Description**

The inverse of `write_conos()`: rebuilds the per-sample Pagoda2 objects (raw counts plus the stored PCA reduction) and restores the joint graph, embedding and clustering(s), returning a live `conos::Conos` object ready for plotting, marker detection and label transfer. Re-running `runGraph()` will recompute the per-sample variance model (not stored).

Usage

```
read_conos(ds)
```

Arguments

`ds` an `lstar_dataset` of kind "collection" (e.g. from `lstar_read()`), or a path to an `lstar` store holding one.

Value

a `conos::Conos` object.

read_pagoda2

Read a Pagoda2 object into an L dataset.***Description**

The `pagoda2` counterpart of `read_seurat()`: extracts **every facet** (RNA/ADT/ATAC... raw counts over their feature axes), **all embeddings** (`embeddings[[reduction]][[name]]`), and **all cellMeta columns** (categorical → a label field inducing a factor axis; numeric → a measure), each carrying the provenance (`pagoda2::Pagoda2$fromLstar()` uses it to reconstruct the object). Duck-typed: a facet-aware `pagoda2.1` object uses `listFacets()/getFacet()`; a simpler object falls back to `getRawCounts()` (single RNA facet). Viewer navigators are NOT added here — call `extend_for_viewer()` for that.

Usage

```
read_pagoda2(p2)
```

Arguments

`p2` a `Pagoda2` (`pagoda2.1`) object (or a `getRawCounts()/embeddings/cellMeta`-shaped object).

Value

an `lstar_dataset` (kind "sample").

See Also

[extend_for_viewer\(\)](#), [read_seurat\(\)](#)

`read_sce`

Read a SingleCellExperiment into an L dataset.*

Description

Read a `SingleCellExperiment` into an L* dataset.

Usage

```
read_sce(sce)
```

Arguments

`sce` a `SingleCellExperiment`

Value

an `lstar_dataset` of kind "sample".

See Also

[write_sce\(\)](#)

`read_sce_backed`

Open an .h5ad's expression matrix as a disk-backed SingleCellExperiment assay (via HDF5Array).

Description

Reads the matrix from `h5ad` as an `HDF5Array::H5ADMatrix` – a `DelayedMatrix` that stays on disk (genes x cells, the Bioconductor convention) – and wraps it in a `SingleCellExperiment`. The matrix is never materialized. Pairs with `Python lstar.convert_to_h5ad(store, h5ad)`.

Usage

```
read_sce_backed(h5ad, layer = NULL, assay_name = "counts")
```

Arguments

h5ad	path to an .h5ad file.
layer	h5ad layer to read; NULL (default) reads X.
assay_name	name for the SCE assay (default inferred: "counts").

Value

a SingleCellExperiment whose assay is a disk-backed DelayedMatrix.

read_seurat	<i>Read a Seurat object into an L* dataset.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Handles Seurat v3/v4 (Assay) and v5 (Assay5); a v5 assay split by sample (`split(assay, f = ...)`) is read as an L* collection. The detected versions are recorded in `ds$profiles`.

Usage

```
read_seurat(so, assay = SeuratObject::DefaultAssay(so))
```

Arguments

so	a Seurat object
assay	assay to read (default: the default assay)

Value

an `lstar_dataset` (of kind "sample", or "collection" for a split assay).

See Also

[write_seurat\(\)](#)

read_seurat_backed	<i>Open an .h5ad's expression matrix as a disk-backed Seurat v5 assay (via BPCells).</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Reads the matrix from h5ad with BPCells (open_matrix_anndata_hdf5) so it stays on disk as a streaming IterableMatrix – already oriented genes x cells (rownames genes, colnames cells), the Seurat convention – and wraps it in a Seurat v5 Assay5. The matrix is never materialized: peak memory is a few megabytes regardless of atlas size. Typical use is the bounded end of an L* conversion, after lstar.convert_to_h5ad(store, h5ad) in Python:

Usage

```
read_seurat_backed(h5ad, group = "X", assay = "RNA", project = "lstar")
```

Arguments

h5ad	path to an .h5ad file (its X/layer stays on disk).
group	h5ad group to read as the matrix (default "X"; e.g. "layers/counts").
assay	name for the Seurat assay (default "RNA").
project	Seurat project name.

Details

```
so <- read_seurat_backed("atlas.h5ad")      # counts live on disk (BPCells)
so <- Seurat::NormalizeData(so)              # Seurat v5 ops stream off disk
```

Value

a Seurat object whose assay counts are a disk-backed BPCells matrix.

stream_col_stats	<i>Per-gene mean/variance of a CSC measure in a store, read with bounded memory.</i>
------------------	--

Description

Computes the zero-aware per-gene mean, variance, and number of expressing cells of a cells x genes measure directly from an L* store, reading it **block-by-block** so the whole matrix never lands in memory – the C++/R counterpart of Python's stream_col_stats. Bounded memory requires a chunked store (one written with chunk_elems set, e.g. by a streamed conversion); on an unchunked store it still works but reads the data array whole. The field must be CSC (gene-major); use it for HVG selection / variance modeling over an atlas too large to load.

Usage

```
stream_col_stats(
  path,
  field,
  block = 4096L,
  n_threads = 1L,
  lognorm = FALSE,
  depth = NULL,
  depthScale = 1,
  population = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

path	path to an L^* store (<code>.lstar.zarr</code>).
field	measure field name (e.g. "counts"), stored CSC.
block	number of gene columns per streamed block (default 4096).
n_threads	threading policy for each block's reduction: 1 = serial (default), N = N threads, ≤ 0 = all cores. Results are thread-count invariant.
lognorm	reduce over $\log_1 p(x)$ per nonzero, on the fly, without building the normalized matrix (default FALSE).
depth	optional per-cell depth vector (length n cells, in store row order). When given, each nonzero is normalized to $x * \text{depthScale} / \text{depth}[\text{cell}]$ before the optional $\log_1 p$ – i.e. pagoda2's "plain" analysis view, computed in one streamed pass (the block's row indices are read too). NULL (default) reduces the raw/ $\log_1 p$ values.
depthScale	depth scaling factor (default 1) used with depth.
population	if TRUE, variance divides by n (population, pagoda2's convention) instead of the sample $n-1$ (default FALSE).

Value

a list with mean, var (length ngenes numeric) and nnz (length ngenes integer).

view	<i>Open an object or L^* store in the pagoda3 viewer (delegates to the 'pagoda3' package)</i>
------	--

Description

A convenience shim: interactive viewing lives in the separate **pagoda3** package. When it is installed this forwards to its `view()`; otherwise it errors with an install hint. The dependency stays one-way (pagoda3 imports lstar, not the reverse), and because pagoda3 is not on a mainstream repository it is resolved at run time rather than declared, so a plain lstar install carries no viewer weight.

Usage

```
view(obj, ...)
```

Arguments

`obj` a `*.lstar.zarr` store path, an `lstar_dataset`, or a Seurat/SCE object.
`...` passed through to `pagoda3::view()` (e.g. `prepare`, `local`, `host`, `port`, `open`).

Value

the viewer URL (invisibly), from `pagoda3::view()`.

See Also

[extend_for_viewer](#) (the prep this shares), the **pagoda3** package.

viewer_extend	<i>Extend an existing L^* store in place with the viewer@0.1 navigator fields.</i>
---------------	---

Description

Reads the store, runs [extend_for_viewer\(\)](#) (native R, shared libstar kernels), and writes it back. Mirrors the `lstar viewer <store>` CLI verb.

Usage

```
viewer_extend(path, grouping = NULL, also = character(0))
```

Arguments

`path` path to an existing `*.lstar.zarr` store (must contain counts + a categorical label).
`grouping, also` passed to [extend_for_viewer\(\)](#).

Value

the store path, invisibly.

See Also

[extend_for_viewer\(\)](#), [lstar_write_viewer\(\)](#)

write_conos	<i>Build an L* dataset from a Conos object (a collection of samples).</i>
-------------	---

Description

Build an L* dataset from a Conos object (a collection of samples).

Usage

```
write_conos(co, clustering = NULL)
```

Arguments

co	a Conos R6 object
clustering	optional name of a joint clustering in co\$clusters (default: all)

Value

an lstar_dataset of kind collection

write_sce	<i>Build a SingleCellExperiment from an L* dataset.</i>
-----------	---

Description

Measures become assays (transposed to genes x cells), embeddings become reducedDims, and arity-1 cell fields become colData.

Usage

```
write_sce(ds)
```

Arguments

ds	an lstar_dataset
----	------------------

Value

a SingleCellExperiment object.

See Also

[read_sce\(\)](#)

write_seurat	<i>Write an L^* dataset to a Seurat object.</i>
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Description

The inverse of [read_seurat\(\)](#): each measure becomes a Seurat (v5) assay — the original assay name is restored from the measure's `provenance$assay` where present — with embeddings as `DimReducs` and cell labels/measures in `meta.data`. A collection materializes as a v5 *split* assay (per-sample gene sets unioned by name). Regenerable cache-tagged viewer navigators are dropped, and no corrected/integrated expression is fabricated.

Usage

```
write_seurat(ds)
```

Arguments

ds	an <code>lstar_dataset</code> .
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Value

a Seurat object.

See Also

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