

# Package ‘sdsfun’

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**Title** Spatial Data Science Complementary Features

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Wrapping and supplementing commonly used functions in the R ecosystem related to spatial data science, while serving as a basis for other packages maintained by Wenbo Lv.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**URL** <https://spatlyu.github.io/sdsfun/>,  
<https://github.com/SpatLyu/sdsfun>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/SpatLyu/sdsfun/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**Imports** dplyr, geosphere, magrittr, sf, spdep, stats, tibble

**Suggests** ggplot2, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**NeedsCompilation** no

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inverse\_distance\_swm *construct inverse distance weight*

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## Description

Function for constructing inverse distance weight.

## Usage

```
inverse_distance_swm(sfj, power = 1, bandwidth = NULL)
```

## Arguments

sfj	Vector object that can be converted to sf by <code>sf::st_as_sf()</code> .
power	(optional) Default is 1. Set to 2 for gravity weights.
bandwidth	(optional) When the distance is bigger than bandwidth, the corresponding part of the weight matrix is set to 0. Default is NULL, which means not use the bandwidth.

## Details

The inverse distance weight formula is  $w_{ij} = 1/d_{ij}^\alpha$

## Value

A inverse distance weight matrices with class of `matrix`.

## Examples

```
library(sf)
pts = read_sf(system.file('extdata/pts.gpkg', package = 'sdsfun'))
wt = inverse_distance_swm(pts)
wt[1:5,1:5]
```

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normalize_vector	<i>normalization</i>
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**Description**

normalization

**Usage**

```
normalize_vector(x, to_left = 0, to_right = 1)
```

**Arguments**

x	A continuous numeric vector.
to_left	(optional) Specified minimum. Default is 0.
to_right	(optional) Specified maximum. Default is 1.

**Value**

A continuous vector which has normalized.

**Examples**

```
normalize_vector(c(-5,1,5,0.01,0.99))
```

---

sf_geometry_name	<i>sf object geometry column name</i>
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**Description**

Get the geometry column name of an sf object

**Usage**

```
sf_geometry_name(sfj)
```

**Arguments**

sfj	An sf object.
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**Value**

A character.

**Examples**

```
library(sf)
snnu = read_sf(system.file('extdata/snnu.geojson', package = 'sdsfun'))
sf_geometry_name(snnu)
```

---

sf\_geometry\_type      *sf object geometry type*

---

**Description**

Get the geometry type of an sf object

**Usage**

```
sf_geometry_type(sfj)
```

**Arguments**

sfj                    An sf object.

**Value**

A lowercase character vector

**Examples**

```
library(sf)
snnu = read_sf(system.file('extdata/snnu.geojson', package = 'sdsfun'))
sf_geometry_type(snnu)
```

---

sf\_voronoi\_diagram      *generates voronoi diagram*

---

**Description**

Generates Voronoi diagram (Thiessen polygons) for sf object

**Usage**

```
sf_voronoi_diagram(sfj)
```

**Arguments**

sfj                    An sf object.

**Value**

An sf object of polygon geometry type.

**Note**

Only sf objects of (multi-)point type are supported to generate voronoi diagram and the returned result includes only the geometry column.

**Examples**

```
library(sf)
pts = read_sf(system.file('extdata/pts.gpkg',package = 'sdsfun'))
pts_v = sf_voronoi_diagram(pts)

library(ggplot2)
ggplot() +
  geom_sf(data = pts_v, color = 'red',
          fill = 'transparent') +
  geom_sf(data = pts, color = 'blue', size = 1.25) +
  theme_void()
```

---

spdep\_contiguity\_swm *constructs spatial weight matrices based on contiguity*

---

**Description**

Constructs spatial weight matrices based on contiguity via spdep package.

**Usage**

```
spdep_contiguity_swm(
  sfj,
  queen = TRUE,
  k = NULL,
  order = 1L,
  cumulate = TRUE,
  style = "W",
  zero.policy = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

sfj	An sf object.
queen	(optional) if TRUE, using queen contiguity, otherwise rook contiguity. Default is TRUE.
k	(optional) The number of nearest neighbours. Ignore this parameter when not using distance based neighbours to construct spatial weight matrices.

order	(optional) The order of the adjacency object. Default is 1.
cumulate	(optional) Whether to accumulate adjacency objects. Default is TRUE.
style	(optional) style can take values W, B, C, and S. More to see <code>spdep::nb2mat()</code> . Default is W.
zero.policy	(optional) if FALSE stop with error for any empty neighbour sets, if TRUE permit the weights list to be formed with zero-length weights vectors. Default is TRUE.

**Value**

A matrix

**Note**

When `k` is set to a positive value, using K-Nearest Neighbor Weights.

**Examples**

```
library(sf)
pts = read_sf(system.file('extdata/pts.gpkg', package = 'sdsfun'))

wt1 = spdep_contiguity_swm(pts, k = 6, style = 'B')
wt2 = spdep_contiguity_swm(pts, queen = TRUE, style = 'B')
wt2 = spdep_contiguity_swm(pts, queen = FALSE, order = 2, style = 'B')
```

---

spdep\_distance\_swm     *constructs spatial weight matrices based on distance*

---

**Description**

Constructs spatial weight matrices based on distance via `spdep` package.

**Usage**

```
spdep_distance_swm(
  sfj,
  kernel = NULL,
  k = NULL,
  bandwidth = NULL,
  power = 1,
  style = "W",
  zero.policy = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

sfj	An sf object.
kernel	(optional) The kernel function, can be one of uniform, triangular,quadratic(epanechnikov),quartic and gaussian. Default is NULL.
k	(optional) The number of nearest neighbours. Default is NULL. Only useful when kernel is provided.
bandwidth	(optional) The bandwidth, default is NULL.
power	(optional) Default is 1. Useful when kernel is not provided.
style	(optional) style can take values W, B, C, and S. More to see <code>spdep::nb2mat()</code> . Default is W.
zero.policy	(optional) if FALSE stop with error for any empty neighbour sets, if TRUE permit the weights list to be formed with zero-length weights vectors. Default is TRUE.

**Details**

five different kernel weight functions:

- uniform:  $K_{(z)} = 1/2$ ,for  $|z| < 1$
- triangular  $K_{(z)} = 1 - |z|$ ,for  $|z| < 1$
- quadratic (epanechnikov)  $K_{(z)} = \frac{3}{4} (1 - z^2)$ ,for  $|z| < 1$
- quartic  $K_{(z)} = \frac{15}{16} (1 - z^2)^2$ ,for  $|z| < 1$
- gaussian  $K_{(z)} = (2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{z^2}{2}}$

For the equation above,  $z = d_{ij}/h_i$  where  $h_i$  is the bandwidth

**Value**

A matrix

**Note**

When kernel is setting, using distance weight based on kernel function.

For spatial weights based on distance functions, a style of B means using the original value of the calculated distance function.

**Examples**

```
library(sf)
pts = read_sf(system.file('extdata/pts.gpkg',package = 'sdsfun'))

wt1 = spdep_distance_swm(pts, style = 'B')
wt2 = spdep_distance_swm(pts, kernel = 'gaussian')
wt2 = spdep_distance_swm(pts, k = 3, kernel = 'gaussian')
```

---

standardize\_vector     *standardization*

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**Description**

To calculate the Z-score using variance normalization, the formula is as follows:

$$Z = \frac{(x - \text{mean}(x))}{\text{sd}(x)}$$

**Usage**

```
standardize_vector(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    A numeric vector

**Value**

A standardized numeric vector

**Examples**

```
standardize_vector(1:10)
```

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